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An. Code, 1924, sec. 315. 1912, sec. 256. 1914, ch. 652, sec. 5.

The practice of Optometry is hereby defined to be the employment of any means, except the use of drugs, medicine or surgery, known to the science of Optics for the purpose of determining, correcting and prescribing by means of lenses for any optical condition existing in the human eye, and also the employment of any means, except the use of drugs, medicine or surgery, for the purpose of detecting diseased conditions.

Nothing in this section or sub-title makes it unlawful for a person or corporation to employ and sell the services of an optometrist or for an optometrist to contract with another to serve such patrons as may be sent to him by or on behalf of the other. Dvorine v. Castelberg Corp., 170 Md. 661; Barrenburg v. Greene (Judge Smith, Circuit Court of Baltimore City), Daily Record, Nov. 22, 1939.

An. Code, 1924, sec. 316. 1912, sec. 257. 1914, ch. 652, sec. 6. 1922, ch. 231, sec. 257.

No person shall hereafter practice optometry, or use the title optometrist in the State of Maryland unless he shall first have obtained a certificate of registration or one of examination, and filed the same for record or a certified copy thereof with the clerk of the county or city of his residence, as herein provided in Section 364. It shall be construed as practicing optometry for any person to prescribe, give directions or advise as to the fitness or adaption of a pair of spectacles, eyeglasses or lenses for another person to wear for the correction or relief of any condition for which a pair of spectacles, eyeglasses or lenses are used, or to use or permit or allow the use of instruments, test cards, test types, test lenses, spectacles or eveglasses or anything containing lenses, or any device for the purpose of aiding any person to select any spectacles, eyeglasses or lenses to be used or worn by such last mentioned person or by any other person.

Cited in Dvorine v. Castelberg Corp., 170 Md. 672.

An. Code, 1924, sec. 317. 1912, sec. 258. 1914, ch. 652, sec. 7.

Every person who is actually engaged in the practice of Optometry in the State of Maryland on April 13, 1914, shall within six months thereafter file an affidavit in proof thereof with the Examining Board in Optometry, who shall make and keep a record of such person, and shall for the consideration of the sum of five dollars issue to him a certificate of registration. Recipients of said certificate shall within three months present the same for record in the City or County in which they reside, as provided for in this sub-title, and shall pay a fee of fifty cents to the clerk for recording the same, and failure to present said certificate within three months after issuance thereof shall cause forfeiture of same.

An. Code, 1924, sec. 318. 1912, sec. 259. 1914, ch. 652, sec. 8. 1920, ch. 132. 1922, ch. 231, sec. 259.

Every person, not exempt by Section 359, desiring to begin the practice of optometry in this State shall pass an examination before said Board of Examiners, in such subjects and under such rules and regulations as shall from time to time be adopted by said board. Such examination may in the discretion of said board, embrace all subjects relative to optics and optometry contained in text-books or that are now or may hereafter be taught in high-grade educational institutions teaching optics and optometry and kindred subjects, and shall include the anatomy, physiology and pathology of the eye, the use of all instruments used in making examination of the eye, and such other subjects as said board may deem advisable. Any